give notice to appellant(s) concerning the disposition of the appeal. The decision or notice shall briefly explain why the Responsible Official's original decision was affirmed or reversed, in whole or in part.

§215.14 Content of an appeal.

- (a) It is the appellant's responsibility to provide sufficient written evidence and rationale to show why the Responsible Official's decision should be remanded or reversed.
- (b) An appeal submitted to the Appeal Deciding Officer becomes a part of the appeal record. An appeal must meet the following requirements:
- (1) State that the document is an appeal filed pursuant to 36 CFR part 215;
- (2) List the name and address of the appellant and, if possible, a telephone number;
- (3) Identify the decision document by title and subject, date of the decision, and name and title of the Responsible Official:
- (4) Identify the specific change(s) in the decision that the appellant seeks or portion of the decision to which the appellant objects;
- (5) State how the Responsible Official's decision fails to consider comments previously provided, either before or during the comment period specified in §215.6 and, if applicable, how the appellant believes the decision violates law, regulation, or policy.

§ 215.15 Dismissal of appeal without

- (a) An Appeal Deciding Officer shall dismiss an appeal without review when:
- (1) The appeal is not postmarked or the facsimile is not date imprinted within the 45-day appeal filing period in accordance with §215.13;
- (2) The requested relief or change cannot be granted under law, fact, or regulation;
- (3) The decision at issue is being appealed by the appellant under another administrative proceeding;
- (4) The decision is excluded from appeal pursuant to §215.8;
- (5) The appellant did not express an interest in the specific proposal at any time prior to the close of the comment period specified in §215.6;

- (6) The Responsible Official has withdrawn the decision being appealed; or
- (7) The appellant has filed for Federal judicial review of the decision and the Chief has waived the argument in §215.20.
- (b) The Appeal Deciding Officer shall give written notice to the appellant, interested parties, and Responsible Official that an appeal is dismissed and state the reasons for dismissal.

§215.16 Informal disposition.

- (a) Offer to meet. When a decision is appealed under this part, the Responsible Official must contact the appellant(s) and offer to meet and discuss resolution of the issues raised in the appeal. This contact shall be made as soon as practicable after an appeal has been filed.
- (b) Time and location of meeting. If one or more appellants agree to meet, the meeting(s) must take place not later than 15 days after the closing date for filing an appeal. The location of the meeting shall be in the vicinity of the lands affected by the decision. When the District Ranger is the Responsible Official, meetings will generally be located on or near that Ranger District. When the Forest Supervisor or Regional Forester is the Responsible Official, meetings will generally take place at a location within or near the National Forest.
- (c) Type of meeting. Generally, participants shall be physically present at informal disposition meetings. Where an appellant cannot attend a meeting in person because of schedule conflicts or travel distances, alternative types of meetings (such as telephone conferences or video conferences) may be arranged. This alternative type meeting also must take place not later than 15 days after the closing date for filing an appeal. The informal disposition meeting must be open to interested parties and the public.
- (d) Agreement on disposition. The Responsible Official must notify the Appeal Deciding Officer of the names of meeting participants and the outcome of the informal disposition meeting.
- (1) If the appellant(s) and Responsible Official reach agreement on disposition of the appeal, the Responsible Official